Test Report issued under the responsibility of:

TÜVRheinland®

TEST REPORT
IEC 62471
Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Report Reference No.....:	**DE22MSV6 001**
Date of issue ..... :	21.10.2022
Total number of pages ..... :	20
Name of Testing Laboratory preparing the Report ..... :	**TÜV Rheinland LGA Products GmbH**
Applicant's name.....:	Tools for Humanity GmbH
Address ..... :	Allee am Röthelheimpark 41, 91052 Erlangen, Germany
Test specification:	
Standard ..... :	IEC 62471:2006
Test procedure..... :	CB
Non-standard test method……..:	N/A
Test Report Form No.....:	IEC62471B
TRF Originator ..... :	VDE Testing and Certification Institute
Master TRF ..... :	Dated 2018-08-16

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Test item description .....:	Iris Scanner
Trade Mark .....:	
Manufacturer.....:	Tools for Humanity GmbH
Model/Type reference .....:	Orb
Ratings .....:	DC 16,6 V (Battery voltage)

Responsible Testing Laboratory (as applicable), testing procedure and testing location(s):

☒	**CB Testing Laboratory:**	TÜV Rheinland LGA Products GmbH	
Testing location/ address ..... :		Tillystrasse 2, 90431 Nuremberg, Germany	
Tested by (name, function, signature) ..... :		Dipl. Ing. K. Stenzhorn team coordinator	
Approved by (name, function, signature) .. :		Dipl. Ing. (FH) G. Richter lab manager	
☐	**Testing procedure: CTF Stage 1:**		
Testing location/ address ..... :			
Tested by (name, function, signature) ..... :			
Approved by (name, function, signature) .. :			
☐	**Testing procedure: CTF Stage 2:**		
Testing location/ address ..... :			
Tested by (name + signature) ..... :			
Witnessed by (name, function, signature). :			
Approved by (name, function, signature) .. :			
☐	**Testing procedure: CTF Stage 3:**		
☐	**Testing procedure: CTF Stage 4:**		
Testing location/ address ..... :			
Tested by (name, function, signature) ..... :			
Witnessed by (name, function, signature). :			
Approved by (name, function, signature) .. :			
Supervised by (name, function, signature) :			

List of Attachments (including a total number of pages in each attachment):

- **Attachment 1: CENELEC Common deviations to IEC 62471, 7 pages**
- **Attachment 2: Canadian deviations to IEC 62471, 1 page**
- **Attachment 3: Photo documentation, 4 pages**

Summary of testing: The units are Exempt Group according to IEC 62471:2006 and EN 62471:2008.

Tests performed (name of test and test clause):	**Testing location:**
Clauses 4, 5 and 6	TÜV Rheinland LGA Products GmbH Tillystrasse 2, 90431 Nuremberg, Germany

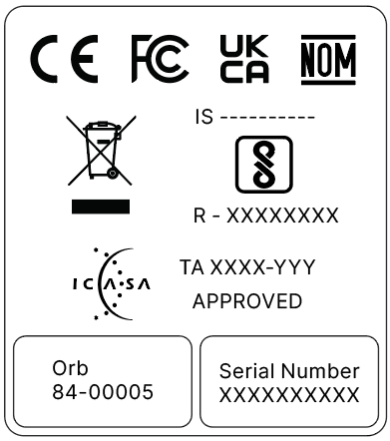
Summary of compliance with National Differences (List of countries addressed):

- CA, EU Group Differences

☒ **The units comply with CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 62471:2012 and EN 62471:2008**

Copy of marking plate:

The artwork below may be only a draft. The use of certification marks on a product must be authorized by the respective NCBs that own these marks.



Draft label (21.10.2022)

Tools for Humanity GmbH, Allee am Rötelheimpark 41, 91052 Erlangen, Germany
Powersupply (with delivered charger): Input: 100-240Vca (V AC) / 50-60Hz Output: 20Vcc (V DC) / 3.25
14.4 V nominal,<=10A from battery

Draft marking along base (21.10.2022)

Test item particulars	Iris scannner
Tested lamp	☒ continuous wave lamps ☒ pulsed lamps
Tested lamp system	
Lamp classification group	☒ exempt ☐ risk 1 ☐ risk 2 ☐ risk 3
Lamp cap	N/A
Bulb	N/A
Rated of the lamp	N/A
Furthermore marking on the lamp	N/A
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard	N/A
Used measurement instrument	Spectral radiometer
Temperature by measurement	23,2°C
Information for safety use	N/A

Possible test case verdicts:

– **test case does not apply to the test object ..... :** N/A

– **test object does meet the requirement ..... :** P (Pass)

– **test object does not meet the requirement ..... :** F (Fail)

Testing:	Sample no.: A003220541-001 to 004
Date of receipt of test item ..... :	02.03.2021
Date (s) of performance of tests ..... :	10.03.2021 - 14.03.2021

General remarks:

"(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report.
"(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report.

Throughout this report a ☒ comma / ☐ point is used as the decimal separator.

Order number: 1109127 10, project number: P00405390

Manufacturer's Declaration per sub-clause 4.2.5 of IECEE 02:

The application for obtaining a CB Test Certificate includes more than one factory location and a declaration from the Manufacturer stating that the sample(s) submitted for evaluation is (are) representative of the products from each factory has been provided ..... :	☐ **Yes** ☒ **Not applicable**

When differences exist; they shall be identified in the General product information section.

Name and address of factory (ies) ..... : Tools for Humanity GmbH,
Allee am Röthelheimpark 41,
91052 Erlangen, Germany

General product information and other remarks:

The Orb is a basketball sized round object. It`s function is scanning the iris of a person in a safe and reliable manner. It has also integrated security features preventing fraud and subterfuge.
The surface is a shining chrome with a clear shell for protection. The Black surfaces are the area for scanning and the area for radio reception. On the bottom the orb is flattened to have a surface to stand on.

Orb key features
The key features of the Orb are responsible for operating and communicating with the Operator and the Person that is scanned. For this there are different User Interface and sound features.

LEDs are type:
- LZ1-00R302 by LED Engin / OSRAM (740 nm, red),
- SST-10-IRD-B50-T850by Luminus devices (850 nm, infrared),
- SST-10-IRD-B50-S940by Luminus devices (940 nm, infrared),
- SK6812MINI by DONGGUANG OPSCO OPTOELECTRONICS CO., LTD, (RGB LEDs)

IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

4	**EXPOSURE LIMITS**		P
4.1	General		P
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		P
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10^4 cd·m^{-2}	see clause 4.3	P
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		P
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		N/A
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J·m^{-2} within any 8-hour period		N/A
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broad-band source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance , E_S, of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		N/A
	$E_s \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_\lambda(\lambda,t) \cdot S_{UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta\lambda \le 30$ J·m^{-2}		N/A
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		N/A
	$t_{max} = \frac{30}{E_s}$ s		N/A
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		P
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J·m^{-2} for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E_{UVA}, shall not exceed 10 W·m^{-2}.		P
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		P
	$t_{max} \le \frac{10\,000}{E_{UVA}}$ s		P
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		P
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, B(λ), i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , L_B, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
	$L_B \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_\lambda(\lambda,t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta\lambda \le 10^6$ J · m^{-2} · sr^{-1}	for t ≤ 10^4 s $t_{max} = \frac{10^6}{L_B}$	P

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	$L_B = \sum_{300}^{700} L_\lambda \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda \le 100$ $W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for t > 10^4 s	N/A
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source		N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E_λ, weighted against the blue-light hazard function B(λ) shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	N/A
	$E_B \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_\lambda(\lambda,t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta\lambda \le 100$ $J \cdot m^{-2}$	for t ≤ 100 s	N/A
	$E_B = \sum_{300}^{700} E_\lambda \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda \le 1$ $W \cdot m^{-2}$	for t > 100 s	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		P
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L_λ, weighted by the burn hazard weighting function R(λ) (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
	$L_R = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_\lambda \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda \le \frac{50\,000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}}$ $W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	(10 µs ≤ t ≤ 10 s)	P
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual stimulus		P
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L_{IR}, as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		P
	$L_{IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_\lambda \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda \le \frac{6\,000}{\alpha}$ $W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	t > 10 s	P
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		P
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E_{IR}, over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		P
	$E_{IR} = \sum_{780}^{3\,000} E_\lambda \cdot \Delta\lambda \le 18\,000 \cdot t^{-0,75}$ $W \cdot m^{-2}$	t ≤ 1000 s	N/A
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		P
	$E_{IR} = \sum_{780}^{3\,000} E_\lambda \cdot \Delta\lambda \le 100$ $W \cdot m^{-2}$	t > 1000 s	P
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin		N/A
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		N/A

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	$E_H \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3\,000} \sum_{t} E_\lambda(\lambda,t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta\lambda \le 20\,000 \cdot t^{0,25}$ J · m^{-2}	6,1 x 10² J m² (within 1 s)	N/A
5	**MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEMS**		P
5.1	Measurement conditions		P
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		P
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		N/A
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		N/A
5.1.2	Test environment		P
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		P
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		P
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		P
5.1.4	Lamp operation		P
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		P
	– the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or		N/A
	– the manufacturer' s recommendation		P
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		P
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		P
	– the appropriate IEC standard, or		N/A
	– the manufacturer' s recommendation		P
5.2	Measurement procedure		P
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements		P
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.		P
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		P
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.		P
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.		P
5.2.2	Radiance measurements		P
5.2.2.1	Standard method		P
	The measurements made with an optical system.		P
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the		P

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	field of view of the instrument.		
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		N/A
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements.		N/A
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		P
	The determination of α, the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		P
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		N/A
	The determination of Δt, the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A
5.3	Analysis methods		P
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		P
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.	see table 4.1	P
5.3.2	Calculations		P
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		P
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		P
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the standard	P
6	**LAMP CLASSIFICATION**		P
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	P
	– for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm		N/A
	– for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm		P
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		P
6.1.1	Except Group		P
	In the except group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		P
	– an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor		N/A

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	– a near-UV hazard (E_{UVA}) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor		P
	– a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor		P
	– a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor		P
	– an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 1000 s		P
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		N/A
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:		N/A
	– an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 10000 s, nor		N/A
	– a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 300 s, nor		N/A
	– a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 100 s, nor		N/A
	– a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor		N/A
	– an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 100 s		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		N/A
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N/A
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N/A
	– an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 1000 s exposure, nor		N/A
	– a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 100 s, nor		N/A
	– a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor		N/A
	– a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor		N/A
	– an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 10 s		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		N/A
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N/A
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		P
	– a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A
	– for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group		N/A
	– for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 4.1	Spectral weighting function for assessing ultraviolet hazards for skin and eye		P
Wavelength[1] λ, nm	**UV hazard function $S_{uv}(\lambda)$**	**Wavelength λ, nm**	**UV hazard function $S_{uv}(\lambda)$**
200	0,030	313*	0,006
205	0,051	315	0,003
210	0,075	316	0,0024
215	0,095	317	0,0020
220	0,120	318	0,0016
225	0,150	319	0,0012
230	0,190	320	0,0010
235	0,240	322	0,00067
240	0,300	323	0,00054
245	0,360	325	0,00050
250	0,430	328	0,00044
254*	0,500	330	0,00041
255	0,520	333*	0,00037
260	0,650	335	0,00034
265	0,810	340	0,00028
270	1,000	345	0,00024
275	0,960	350	0,00020
280*	0,880	355	0,00016
285	0,770	360	0,00013
290	0,640	365*	0,00011
295	0,540	370	0,000093
297*	0,460	375	0,000077
300	0,300	380	0,000064
303*	0,120	385	0,000053
305	0,060	390	0,000044
308	0,026	395	0,000036
310	0,015	400	0,000030

[1] Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.
* Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 4.2	Spectral weighting functions for assessing retinal hazards from broadband optical sources	P

Wavelength nm	**Blue-light hazard function B (λ)**	**Burn hazard function R (λ)**
300	0,01	
305	0,01	
310	0,01	
315	0,01	
320	0,01	
325	0,01	
330	0,01	
335	0,01	
340	0,01	
345	0,01	
350	0,01	
355	0,01	
360	0,01	
365	0,01	
370	0,01	
375	0,01	
380	0,01	0,1
385	0,013	0,13
390	0,025	0,25
395	0,05	0,5
400	0,10	1,0
405	0,20	2,0
410	0,40	4,0
415	0,80	8,0
420	0,90	9,0
425	0,95	9,5
430	0,98	9,8
435	1,00	10,0
440	1,00	10,0
445	0,97	9,7
450	0,94	9,4
455	0,90	9,0
460	0,80	8,0
465	0,70	7,0
470	0,62	6,2
475	0,55	5,5
480	0,45	4,5
485	0,40	4,0
490	0,22	2,2
495	0,16	1,6
500-600	$10^{[(450-\lambda)/50]}$	1,0
600-700	0,001	1,0
700-1050		$10^{[(700-\lambda)/500]}$
1050-1150		0,2
1150-1200		$0{,}2 \cdot 10^{0{,}02(1150-\lambda)}$
1200-1400		0,02

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)	P

Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of constant irradiance $W \cdot m^{-2}$
Actinic UV skin & eye	$E_S = \sum E_\lambda \cdot S(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t
Eye UV-A	$E_{UVA} = \sum E_\lambda \cdot \Delta\lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10
Blue-light small source	$E_B = \sum E_\lambda \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0
Eye IR	$E_{IR} = \sum E_\lambda \cdot \Delta\lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	$18000/t^{0,75}$ 100
Skin thermal	$E_H = \sum E_\lambda \cdot \Delta\lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	$20000/t^{0,75}$

Table 5.5	Summary of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values)	P

Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in terms of constant radiance $W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$)
Blue light	$L_B = \sum L_\lambda \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda$	300 – 700	0,25 – 10 10-100 100-10000 ≥ 10000	$0,011 \cdot \sqrt{(t/10)}$ 0,011 $0,0011 \cdot \sqrt{t}$ 0,1	$10^6/t$ $10^6/t$ $10^6/t$ 100
Retinal thermal	$L_R = \sum L_\lambda \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda$	380 – 1400	< 0,25 0,25 – 10	0,0017 $0,011 \cdot \sqrt{(t/10)}$	$50000/(\alpha \cdot t^{0,25})$ $50000/(\alpha \cdot t^{0,25})$
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)	$L_{IR} = \sum L_\lambda \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000/α

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps, RGB LEDs, setting all white, max output									P
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement						
				Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk		
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result	
Actinic UV	$S_{UV}(\lambda)$	E_s	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	0,001	N/A	0,003	N/A	0,03	N/A	
Near UV		E_{UVA}	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	10	$7{,}29 \times 10^{-6}$	33	N/A	100	N/A	
Blue light	$B(\lambda)$	L_B	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	100	14,5	10000	N/A	4000000	N/A	
Blue light, small source	$B(\lambda)$	E_B	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	1,0*	N/A	1,0	N/A	400	N/A	
Retinal thermal	$R(\lambda)$	L_R	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	28000/α = 280000	N/A	28000/α = 280000	N/A	71000/α = 710000	N/A	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	$R(\lambda)$	L_{IR}	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	6000/α	N/A	6000/α	N/A	6000/α	N/A	
IR radiation, eye		E_{IR}	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	100	N/A	570	N/A	3200	N/A	

* Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.
** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps, RED LEDs (740 nm)	P

Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement					
				Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk	
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	$S_{UV}(\lambda)$	E_S	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	0,001	N/A	0,003	N/A	0,03	N/A
Near UV		E_{UVA}	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	10	N/A	33	N/A	100	N/A
Blue light	B(λ)	L_B	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	100	N/A	10000	N/A	4000000	N/A
Blue light, small source	B(λ)	E_B	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	1,0*	N/A	1,0	N/A	400	N/A
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L_R	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	28000/α = 280000	$1{,}23 \times 10^{4}$	28000/α = 280000	N/A	71000/α = 710000	N/A
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L_{IR}	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	6000/α	N/A	6000/α	N/A	6000/α	N/A
IR radiation, eye		E_{IR}	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	100	$1{,}15 \times 10^{-1}$	570	N/A	3200	N/A

* Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.
** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps, INFRARED LEDs (850 nm)	P

Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement					
				Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk	
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	$S_{UV}(\lambda)$	E_S	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	0,001	N/A	0,003	N/A	0,03	N/A
Near UV		E_{UVA}	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	10	N/A	33	N/A	100	N/A
Blue light	B(λ)	L_B	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	100	N/A	10000	N/A	4000000	N/A
Blue light, small source	B(λ)	E_B	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	1,0*	N/A	1,0	N/A	400	N/A
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L_R	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	28000/α = 280000	N/A	28000/α = 280000	N/A	71000/α = 710000	N/A
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L_{IR}	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	6000/α	$1{,}29 \times 10^3$	6000/α	N/A	6000/α	N/A
IR radiation, eye		E_{IR}	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	100	25,7	570	N/A	3200	N/A

* Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.
** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps, INFRARED LEDs (940 nm)	P

Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement					
				Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk	
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	$S_{UV}(\lambda)$	E_S	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	0,001	N/A	0,003	N/A	0,03	N/A
Near UV		E_{UVA}	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	10	N/A	33	N/A	100	N/A
Blue light	B(λ)	L_B	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	100	N/A	10000	N/A	4000000	N/A
Blue light, small source	B(λ)	E_B	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	1,0*	N/A	1,0	N/A	400	N/A
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L_R	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	28000/α = 280000	N/A	28000/α = 280000	N/A	71000/α = 710000	N/A
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L_{IR}	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	6000/α	$7{,}22 \times 10^2$	6000/α	N/A	6000/α	N/A
IR radiation, eye		E_{IR}	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	100	22,5	570	N/A	3200	N/A

* Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.
** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

List of test equipment used:

TÜVRheinland®
Genau. Richtig.

Equipment - Liste

Prüfdatum von 10.03.2022
Prüfdatum bis 14.03.2022

Prüfberichtsnummer DE22MSV6 001
Projektnummer P00405390AA

Kunde Tools for Humanity GmbH
Produktname Scanner Orb - Iris Scanner
Bemerkung

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GTEM-ID	Beschreibung	Typbezeichnung	Hersteller	Letzt.Datum TT.MM.JJJJ	Fälligkeit TT.MM.JJJJ
9027017	Optischer Messplatz		Bentham Instruments Limited	NA*	
2730128	Referenzlampen-Set	IDR 300	Bentham Instruments Limited	24.08.2021	24.08.2022
2726084	Stahlmaßstab	460600, 50 cm	Schwenk	18.08.2021	ICO
2726755	Messschieber 150 mm	16 ES , 0 - 150 mm	Mahr GmbH	25.06.2021	25.06.2023
2732543	Datenlogger Feuchte/Temperatur	EASYLog 24RFT	Greisinger electronic GmbH	18.05.2021	18.05.2022